
Audio Watermarking With Emd Technique

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ABSTRACT:

Another audio watermarking technique, Empirical Mode Decomposition (EMD) is presented in this paper. The audio signal is splitted first into outlines and each edge is then deteriorated by EMD to get its essential intrinsic intermittent components known as Intrinsic Mode Functions (IMFs). These aggregate blends of watermark and synchronization code are installed into the last IMF. Last IMFs are most steady frequency segment under different assaults thus ensures nature of the host signal. So this philosophy is connected to any picture and audio signals. Experimentation has given the physical checking and its recognition to secure audio on various assaults.

KEYWORDS:

Empirical mode decomposition, quantization index modulation, frequency modulation Intrinsic Mode Function synchronization code, amplitude modulation, signal to noise ratio.

I. INTRODUCTION

Computerized audio watermarking has accomplished a honorable consideration regarding offer effective answers for copyright insurance of advanced media. Fundamental targets of advanced audio watermarking are

vigor and indistinctness. The watermark ought to be indistinct inside host audio with the goal that its quality is safeguarded however it ought to be strong to the assaults or signal alterations given to the host information. Finally, watermark ought to be anything but difficult to separate and to confirm the proprietorship. To accomplish above necessities, seeking after new plans for watermarking is an extremely difficult. Diverse watermarking techniques with various complexities have been given. To secure the data against different assaults, a hearty plan of watermarking is given however it flops in bit rate transmission. To take out piece rate issue, watermarked conspires in the area of wavelet has likewise been proposed. Watermarking in wavelet space has settled premise functions, which don't ensure to coordinate all continuous signals. To defeat these disadvantages, Empirical Mode Decomposition (EMD), this new has been presented which takes a shot at both stationary and non-stationary signals. EMD does not require an essential selection of channels or any premise functions. This plan separates any signal in zero-mean symmetrical envelopes AM-FM fragments known as Intrinsic Mode

Functions (IMFs). Any signal is extended by EMD as takes after

$$x(t) = \sum_{j=1}^c IMF_j(t) + r_c(t) \quad (1)$$

where C means IMF check and $r_c(t)$ indicates last leftover . The IMFs are orthogonal to each

other and have zero means. The degree of extrema is decreased when it starting with one then onto the next mode, and the entire plan of decomposition is

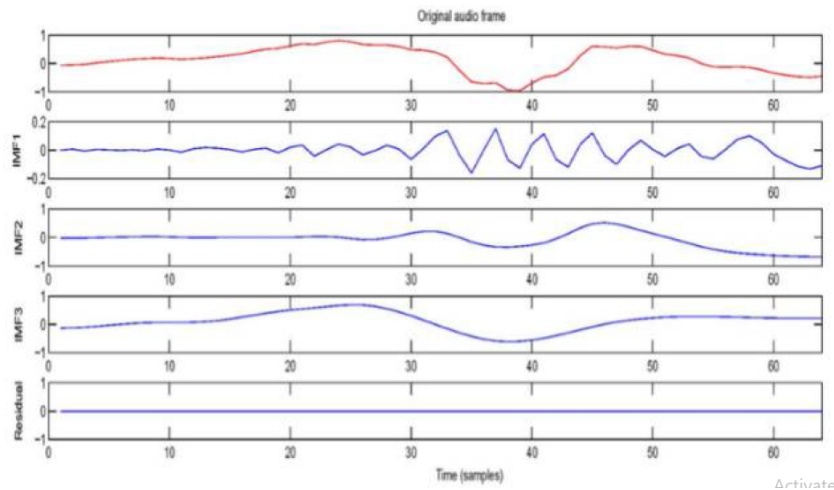


Fig. 1. Decomposition of an audio frame by EMD

deduced in a limited number of modes. The IMFs are totally marked by their nearby extrema thus can be recouped back utilizing it. Low frequency parts that is higher request IMFs are signal controlled subsequently their change can wind up in withdrawal of the signal. Along these lines, these positions are the best to place watermark. In some underlying outcomes, the EMD is joined with Pulse Code Modulation and the watermark is embedded in the last leftover of the sub groups in the change space. This technique gives the mean estimation of PCM audio signal may never again be zero. The technique isn't powerful to different assaults like band-pass

separating and trimming. In like manner in other plan, EMD with Hilbert change the watermark is inserted into the IMF having most elevated vitality. However, how the IMF conveying the most extreme measure of vitality is the best mode to shroud the watermark has not been given. By and by an IMF with most noteworthy vitality is most noteworthy frequency mode which isn't powerful to assaults. Watermarks embedded into bring down request IMFs or high frequency segments are most inclined to assaults. It has been guaranteed that for vigor, the watermark bits are by and large implanted

in the perceptually parts of the host signal to have better dissatisfaction against assaults and impalpability. Along these lines in this venture, the watermark are embedded in the extrema of the last IMF. The watermark is connected with a synchronization code to help its area. The favorable position to utilize the time space technique in EMD, is the low spending plan in testing synchronization codes. Audio signal is first fragmented into outlines and every one is

deteriorated into IMFs. Bits are included into the extrema of the last IMF with the end goal that the watermarked signal indistinctness is set up. Exploratory outcomes check that the concealed information are hearty for assaults, for example, noise augmentations, compressions, requantization, trimming and so forth. This procedure is simple and powerful as identified with audio watermarking strategies educated as of late.

II. RELATED WORK

Arnold, et al, has indicated an intangible watermarking technique in audio watermarking isn't as grown, yet as identified with the examines which has done in picture and video watermarking. The audio signals are depicted by a couple of tests for each time interim demonstrates that the amount of data bits which can be installed effectively and noiselessly in audio documents is substantially

lesser than the measure of data bits that can be embedded in visual records. Gordy et al, has expressed a calculation free system for likening advanced watermarking calculation as for perceptual quality, piece rate, strength and intricacy to signal preparing. on the premise of four properties perceptual quality, bitrate, multifaceted nature and vigor the calculations for open watermarks were leveled with. Frequency concealing implanting was the expensive operation as of the need to register a mind boggling, time-fluctuating perceptual veiling investigation to be passed out on the host signal. Tom et al, in watermark security has expressed the inability by unapproved clients to approach the watermarked channels. The security of watermarking confides in the mystery of the keys and just the data of both the calculation and the keys can break the calculation. Martins, et

al, has given frequency space approach, is costly to apparatus than time area techniques. As they have a higher piece rate and more strong watermark disposal under signal processing. The supposition for the PCM watermarking was that zero cross withdrawals change and evacuation of all watermarks while resampling ends the watermark totally. Christine, et al, has given a general clarification of advanced watermarking calculation and their applications which was on general watermarking issues and to

perceive the principal properties and the confinements of watermarking system. Martin, et al, in his paper committed on the plan of a substance inconspicuous audio watermarking plan to permit many after creation developments and on the outline of an invertible watermarking design helpful with advanced marks for high security. Anastasias, et al, has proclaimed in his outline of watermarking plans in light of disorganized makers and connection sensor. High pass disordered watermarks are superior to low pass watermark which have most noticeably bad execution when no distortion is uncovered on the watermarked signal. Xian youthful, et al, has given the difference of watermarks given by tumultuous functions, strategic guide and Bernoulli maps within the sight of reasonable assaults. He offered the watermark to be subtle and hearty to some regular signal treating operations. Ali, et al, has proposed audio watermarking made on discrete wavelet change. He has given solitary esteem decomposition (SVD) technique. Ke-Xin Yin, et al, has given a blind powerful computerized watermarking plan by methods for turbulent encryption and visual arrangement of human in the DWT space. The watermark is encoded by methods for calculated guide. K.Khaldi, et al, has proposed a near investigation of various decomposition techniques used to de-noise an ECG signal. The challenges of FT technique

can be broken out by Wavelet Transform conspire. As Wavelet Transform is a non-versatile, it isn't appropriate to expel the high frequency noise from signal. The issues of WT technique can be limited by Empirical Mode of Decomposition plot. A top to bottom examination is mandatory to discover the most beneficial decomposition strategy for an ECG signal. A most recent accommodative and versatile audio watermarking technique steady Empirical Mode Decomposition (EMD) was uncovered.

III. PROPOSED METHODOLOGY

The possibility of the anticipated watermarking strategy is to cover up watermarked information in the first audio signal itself. The info signal is first divided into edges and EMD is carried on each edge to expel the related IMFs. At that point a paired information grouping contained of SCs and uncovering watermark bits are installed in the remainder of an arrangement of successive last-IMFs. A bit (0 or 1) is embedded per extrema. As the quantity of IMFs and their number of extraordinary lay on the measure of information of each casing, the measure of bits to be implanted shifts from last-IMF of one casing to the following. Watermark and SCs are not altogether implanted in extrema of previous IMF of just a single casing. By and

large the measure of extrema per last-IMF of one edge is exceptionally slight contrasted with length of the double grouping to be embedded. This totally relies upon the length of the casing.

Sync-code	Watermark bits	Sync-code
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Fig.2 Data structure m(i)

Watermark and SCs are not all embedded in extrema of last IMF of one edge. In generally speaking the quantity of extrema per last-IMF is little identified with length of the twofold arrangement to be implanted. This likewise relies upon the length of the edge. On the off chance that we draw by N_1 and N_2 the quantities of bits of SC and watermark individually, the length of double arrangement to be implanted is proportional to $2N_1 + N_2$. Hence, these $2N_1 + N_2$ bits are go out on a few last-IMFs (extrema) of the successive casings. Again this grouping of $2N_1 + N_2$ bits is installed p times. In conclusion, reverse transformation (EMD)- 1 is connected to the enhanced extrema to recuperate the watermarked audio signal by superposition of the IMFs of each casing trailed by the link of the edges (Fig. 1). For information extraction, the watermarked audio signals are split into casings and EMD connected to each casing (Fig. 3). Double information game plans are

expelled from each last IMF by testing for SCs (Fig. 4). We characterize the last IMF previously, then after the fact watermarking. This figure demonstrates that there is little alteration as far as amplitudes among the two modes. EMD being completely information versatile, in this way ensure the quantity of IMFs will be unaltered previously, then after the fact implanting the watermark (Figs. 3,5). In the event that the quantities of IMFs are unique, there can be no certification that the last IMF dependably includes the watermark data to be expelled. To come over this troubles, the filtering of the watermarked signal is upheld to remove an indistinguishable number of IMFs from previously watermarking. The anticipated watermarking framework is visually impaired, that is, the host signal isn't mandatory for watermark extraction. Review of the proposed conspire is itemized as takes after:

A. SYNCHRONIZATION CODE

To find the installing area of the shrouded watermark bits in the host signal a SC is utilized. This code isn't irritated by editing and moving assaults. Let be the first SC and be a unidentified arrangement of a similar length. Request V is considered as a SC if just the quantity of dissimilar bits between when compared bit per bit, is less or equivalent to the predefined limit. This guides to find the

implanting area of the concealed watermark bits in the host signal a SC which is utilized. This code isn't influenced by trimming and moving assaults.

B. WATERMARK EMBEDDING

Already inserting, SCs are joined with watermark bits to shape a double grouping spoke to by $m_i \in \{0,1\}$, i – th bit of watermark (Fig.2). Essentials of our watermark inserting are appeared in Fig. 1 and point by point as takes after:

Stage 1: Split unique audio signal to outlines.

Stage 2: Decompose each casing into IMFs.

Stage 3: Embed P times the parallel course of action $\{m_i\}$ into extrema of the last IMF (IMF) C by QIM.

$$e_i^* = \begin{cases} \left\lfloor \frac{e_i^*}{S} \right\rfloor \cdot S + \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{3S}{4} \right) & \text{if } m_i = 1 \\ \left\lfloor \frac{e_i^*}{S} \right\rfloor \cdot S + \operatorname{sgn} \left(\frac{S}{4} \right) & \text{if } m_i = 0 \end{cases} \quad (2)$$

Where e_i and e_i^* are the outrageous of IMFC of the host audio signal and the watermarked signal correspondingly. Sine function is equivalent to "+" (maxima) and "-" (minima). $\lfloor \cdot \rfloor$ demonstrates the floor function, and S signifies the installing quality chose to safeguard the unintelligibility limitation.

Stage 4: Rebuild the edge (EMD)- 1 utilizing enhanced IMFC and connect the watermarked casings to recoup the watermarked signal.

C. WATERMARK EXTRACTION

For extraction of watermark, have signal is splitted into edges and EMD is accomplished on every one as in installing. We at that point chase for SCs in the extricated information. This procedure is dull by moving the chosen section one specimen at any given moment until the point when a SC is found. In the wake of deciding SC, we would then be able to separate the shrouded data bits which trail the SC. Let $y = \{m_i^*\}$ indicate the parallel information to be separated U and indicate the first SC. To follow the inserted watermark, chase the SCs in the game plan $\{m_i^*\}$ bit by bit. The extraction is performed without utilizing the first audio signal. Basic advances tangled in the watermarking extraction, appeared in Fig. 4, are given as takes after:

Stage 1: Split watermarked signal into singular edges.

Stage 2: Decompose every single edge into IMFs.

Stage 3: Extract the extrema $\{e_i^*\}$ of IMFs.

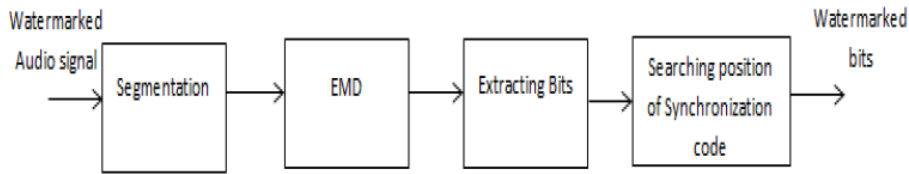


Fig. 3 Watermark extraction.

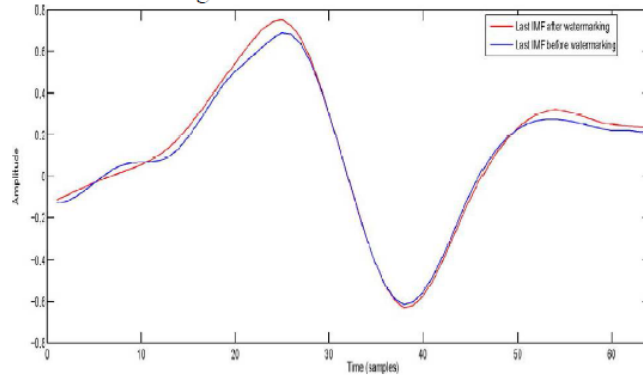


Fig. 4 Last IMF of an audio frame before and after watermarking.

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Step 4: Extract m_i^* from e_i^* using the following rule:

$$m_i^* = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } e_i^* - \lfloor \frac{e_i^*}{S} \rfloor \cdot S \geq \text{sgn}(S/2) \\ 0 & \text{if } e_i^* - \lfloor \frac{e_i^*}{S} \rfloor \cdot S < \text{sgn}(S/2) \end{cases} \quad (3)$$

Stage 5: Set the beginning of index of the separated information y , to $I=1$ and $L=N1$ select specimens (sliding window estimate).

Stage 6: Calculate the similitude between the removed section $V=y(I:L)$ and U a tiny bit at a time. On the off chance that the correspondence esteem is $\geq \tau$, at that point V is taken as the SC and go to Step 8. Or, on the other hand else continue to the following stage.

Stage 7: Increment I by 1 and slide the window to the next $L=N1$ samples and rehash Step 6.

Stage 8: Calculate the likeness between the second extricated section,

$V1 = y(I + N1 + N2: I + 2N1 + N2)$ and U a little bit at a time.

Stage 9: $I \leftarrow I + N1 + N2$, of the new I esteem is equivalent to grouping length of bits, take after Step 10 or else rehash Step 7.

Stage 10: Extract the P watermarks and make assess a tiny bit at a time among these imprints, for redress, and in conclusion remove the coveted watermark. Watermarking inserting and extraction strategies are compact in Fig. 7.



Fig.5. Binary Watermark

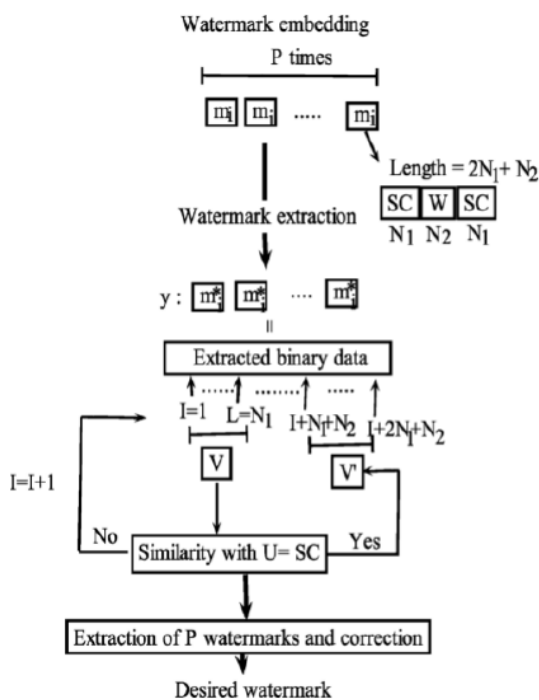


Fig.6. Embedding and extraction of watermark actual process

IV. QUALITY ANALYSIS

To assess the execution of proposed technique Bit mistake rate (BER) and Signal to Noise Ratio (SNR), among unique and the watermarked audio signals is taken. A

watermarked audio signal should protect SNR more than 18 dB. To gauge the watermark uncovering precision after assaults ,we utilized the and the characterized as follows:

$$BER(W, W') = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^M \sum_{j=1}^N W(i,j) \oplus W'(i,j)}{M*N} \quad (4)$$

where \oplus means XOR operator and $M \times N$ signifies the sizes of paired watermark picture. W and W' gives unique and the recouped watermark independently. Is utilized to assess the accuracy in watermark location after signal handling operations.

V. RESULT AND CONCLUSION

The graphical portrayal of results is given beneath. The primary chart speaks to the information audio signal or unique audio signal. Second chart speaks to the audio signal after decomposition by Empirical mode decomposition technique. The similar investigation of both the charts demonstrates that there are extremely unimportant changes in both the information and altered information that is deteriorated audio signal by EMD.

Table 1 gives the relative examination of info and yield as far as the breaking down factors that are BER and SNR ratio.

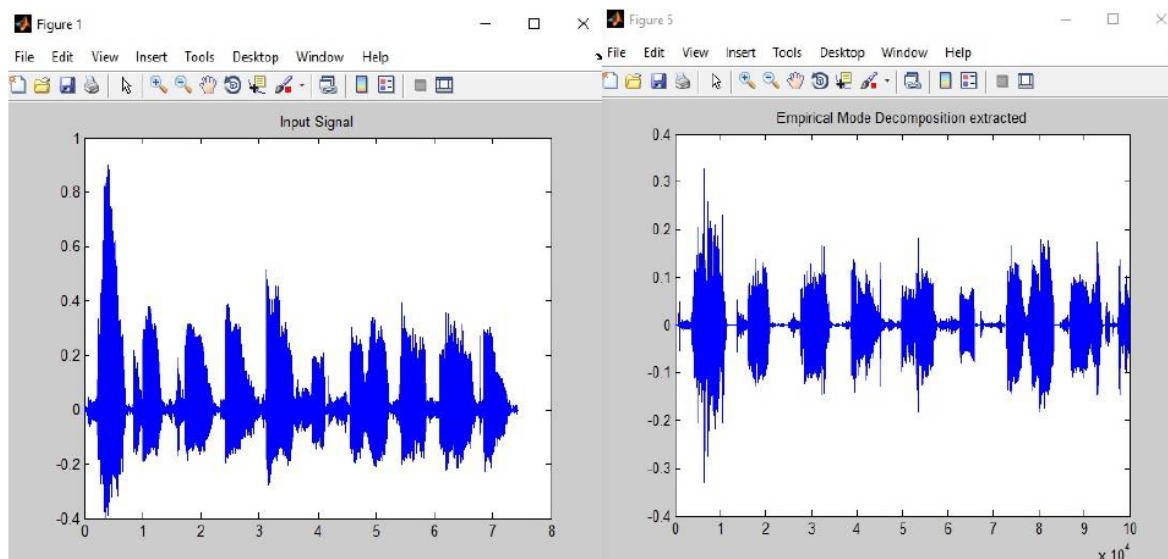


TABLE 1
BER AND SNR OF ORIGINAL AND WATERMARKED AUDIO

Audio Signal	BER	SNR
Signal 1	1.643	19.72
Signal 2	1.810	21.44
Signal 3	1.213	18.71

VI. CONCLUSION

In this paper another watermarking plan in view of the EMD is anticipated. Watermark is presented in low frequency mode and is related with synchronization codes, so guards against different assaults. Information bits of the synchronized watermark are embedded in the extrema of the last IMF of the audio signal so does not blocks the nature of host signal. It works progressively and because of its versatile nature, its upgraded watermarking technique. Altogether audio test signals, the watermark embedded are indistinct. Investigations approve that the watermarked audio signals are undefined from their unique ones. This watermarking plan has simple

estimations and does not utilize the first audio signal to recoup.

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