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Android and Portable Camera-Based Assistive Text Reading from Images and Messages

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The project aims at designing a system for blind persons to recognize the text from captured images and also messages reading which are texted from android mobile. In this project, we design and develop a text reading system from captured images or messages from mobile using speakers or head phones connected to raspberry pi processor.

Keywords: Micro processor (ARM-11), Speakers, Camera, Bluetooth module.

1. Introduction

The portable system which captures the images and text written which are placed in front of the camera can be read out or announced out using speakers. These details were verified using Raspberry Pi processor for authentication. The Raspberry Pi processor system alerts the blind person through voice messages using speakers or head phones.

Automation is the most frequently spelled term in the field of

electronics. The hunger for automation brought many revolutions in the existing technologies. This project makes use of an onboard computer, which is commonly termed as **Raspberry Pi** processor. It acts as heart of the project. This onboard computer can efficiently communicate with the output and input modules which are being used. The **Raspberry Pi** is a credit-card-sized single-board computer developed in the <u>UK</u> by the <u>Raspberry Pi Foundation</u>. The Raspberry Pi has a <u>Broadcom BCM2835 system on a chip</u> (SoC), which includes an <u>ARM1176JZF-S</u> 700 <u>MHz</u> processor, <u>Video Core</u> IV GPU, and was originally shipped with 256 megabytes of <u>RAM</u>, later upgraded to

512 <u>MB</u>. It does not include a built-in <u>hard disk</u> or <u>solid-state drive</u>, but uses an <u>SD card</u> for booting and long-term storage.

2. LITERATURE SURVEY

[1] Discusses an intelligent system. Physically invisible people experience difficulty and inconvenience using computers through a keyboard and mouse. The purpose of this system is to provide a way the blind people population can easily control many functions of a computer via speech.

When blind people speak, the audio voice input is sent to the speech Browser solenoid plated are very useful to convert this web search into braille. Many applications running on this purpose but not all the applications able to fulfil over it and this system has better aspects in future for normal people as well as blind people. This application is firstly embedded on raspberry pi and Qt creator is the software which is being useful to interface this GUI with the hardware connected to Pi.

[2] Presents a Navigation System for blind people to navigate safely and quickly, in the system obstacle detection and recognition is done through ultrasonic sensors and USB camera. The proposed system detects the obstacles up to 300 cm via ultrasonic sensors and sends feedback in the form of beep sound via earphone to inform the person about the obstacle. USB webcam is connected with Raspberry Pi Embedded board which captures the image of the obstacle, which is used for finding the properties of the obstacle (Human Being). Human presence is identified with the help of human face detection algorithm written in Open CV. The constraints coming while running the algorithm on Embedded System are limited memory and processing time and speed to achieve the real time image processing requirements. The algorithm is implemented in Open CV, which runs on Debian based Linux environment

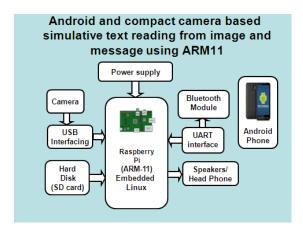
3. Implementation:



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The device which is able to perform the task is a Raspberry Pi processor. When any object is placed in front of the PI camera passes by the system, the text and image of the object is captured using camera. The image of the object along with text details are fed as input to the **Raspberry Pi** processor. The Processor takes responsibility to check the object name details and announces using voice messages using speakers or head phones for the blind person. The system also reads the text message sent through mobile android using Bluetooth wireless communication. The messages are announced out through speakers or headphones to the blind person. To perform this task, Raspberry Pi processor is programmed using embedded 'Linux'.

4. Related Work:

The brief introduction of different modules used in this project is discussed below:

Raspberry pi(ARM-11) PROCESSOR:



The Raspberry Pi 3 Model B is the latest single-board computer from the Raspberry Pi Foundation. In this version, they've upgraded to a 1.2Ghz 64-bit quad-core ARM processor and added 802.11n Wireless LAN, Bluetooth 4.1 and Bluetooth Low Energy.

Like the previous version (the Pi 2) it has 1 GB of RAM, 4 USB ports, and full HDMI support. The Raspberry Pi 3 also has the same form factor as the Pi 2 (and Pi 1 Model B+).

The Raspberry Pi runs Raspbian and/or NOOBS (both Linux-based operating systems) which boot from the removable SD card. A host of third-party operating systems are also supported, including Ubuntu Mate, Windows 10 IoT Core, and OSMC.

The Raspberry Pi 3 is a credit-card sized computer capable of doing just about anything a desktop PC does. From web surfing and word processing, to playing Minecraft or acting as a media player, the Raspberry Pi's capabilities are extensive. With plenty of graphics processing power, the Raspberry Pi 3 is capable of streaming BluRay-quality video. If you're looking to incorporate the Pi into your next embedded design, the 0.1" spaced 40-pin GPIO header gives you access to 27 GPIO, UART, I2C, SPI as well as both 3.3V and 5V power sources.

Raspberry Pi processor is programmed using embedded 'Linux'. Linux is the best-known and most-used open source operating system. As an operating system, Linux is software that sits underneath all of the other software on a computer, receiving requests from those programs and relaying these requests to the computer's hardware.

Bluetooth module:



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Description

HC-05 module is an easy to use Bluetooth SPP (Serial Port Protocol) module, designed for transparent wireless serial connection setup. The HC-05 Bluetooth Module can be used in a Master or Slave configuration, making it a great solution for wireless communication. This serial port Bluetooth module is fully qualified Bluetooth V2.0+EDR (Enhanced Data Rate) 3Mbps Modulation with complete 2.4GHz radio transceiver and baseband. It uses CSR

Blue core 04-External single chip Bluetooth system with CMOS technology and with AFH (Adaptive Frequency Hopping Feature).

Camera:



The Raspberry Pi Camera Module v2 is a high quality 8 megapixel Sony IMX219 image sensor custom designed add-on board for Raspberry Pi, featuring a fixed focus lens. It's capable of 3280 x 2464 pixel static images, and also supports 1080p30, 720p60 and 640x480p60/90 video. It attaches to Pi by way of one of the small sockets on the board upper surface and uses the dedicated CSi interface, designed especially for interfacing to cameras.

- 8 megapixel native resolution sensorcapable of 3280 x 2464 pixel static images
- Supports 1080p30, 720p60 and 640x480p90 video

• Camera is supported in the latest version of Raspbian, Raspberry Pi's preferred operating system

The board itself is tiny, at around 25mm x 23mm x 9mm. It also weighs just over 3g, making it perfect for mobile or other applications where size and weight are important. It connects to Raspberry Pi by way of a short ribbon cable. The high quality Sony IMX219 image sensor itself has a native resolution of 8 megapixels, and has a fixed focus lens on-board. In terms of still images, the camera is capable of 3280 x 2464 pixel static images, and also supports 1080p30, 720p60 and 640x480p90 video.

Head Phones/Speakers:



The output of the proposed system is provided with the announcement using head phones or speakers. The Raspberry pi has two audio output modes: HDMI and head phone jack. In the proposed system we are using head phone jack of 3.5mm Audio Output Jack.

4. CONCLUSION:

The existing model presents an Integrating feature of all the hardware components which has been used and developed in it with Arm-11 Raspberry pi processor. The Presence of each and every module has been reasoned out and placed very carefully. Hence the contributing to the best working unit for an automatic license plate recognition system has been designed perfectly. Secondly, using highly advanced IC's like Broadcom BCM2387 chipset, 1.2GHz Quad-Core ARM Cortex-A53 (64Bit) processor, Linux operating system technology with the help of growing technology. Thus the project has been successfully designed and tested.

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was very knowledge gaining and helpful for the further research to be done in future.

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