



## Virtual Presence with 360° Camera

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### ABSTRACT :

*Tele presence refers to a set of technologies which allow a person to feel as if they were present, to give the appearance that they were present, or to have an effect, at a location other than their true location. Tele presence requires that the senses of the user, or users, are provided with such stimuli as to give the feeling of being in that other location. Additionally, the user(s) may be given the ability to affect the remote location. In this case, the user's position, movements, actions, voice, etc. may be sensed, transmitted and duplicated in the remote location to bring about this effect. Therefore information may be travelling in both directions between the user and the remote location. Tele presence is a new technology that creates unique, "in-person" experiences between people, places, and events in their work and personal lives. It combines innovative video, audio, and interactive elements (both hardware and software) to create this experience over the network. Tele presence means "feeling like you are somewhere else". Some people have a very technical interpretation of this, where they insist that you must have head-mounted displays in order to have tele presence.*

### INTRODUCTION :

Objective of this project is to provide a sense of shared presence or shared space among geographically separated members of a group. By combining two different technologies namely Telepresence and virtual reality. Both of these technologies in their separate forms didn't survive the real world market. As Telepresence required a costly infrastructure and virtual reality didn't find much application other than gaming and immersive virtual experience. When both together are combined it gives rise to cost effective immersive sense of presence. For the project we propose to build a holographic display that works on the principles of Pepper's ghost effect with which we can build a life sized hologram display of a remotely located user. This user provides a video stream of himself using a camera over the internet using Web Real-Time Communication (WebRTC). WebRTC enables us to provide an ultra-low latent video stream to enable real-time communication over the Internet. The holographic display has a hollow cavity behind the screen where a 360 degree shall be placed just on the line of sight of the remote user's point of view. This enables a realistic feel of presence for the remote user over geographical separation. In the remote user has the vision provided by the 360 degree camera. On the other hand the members present in the conference hall experiences a realistic presence and interaction with the remote user. With technologies like remote desktop the abilities of the remote user can be enhanced. He or she shall now present presentations and



share multimedia by controlling a computer at the conference hall (example: To be able to give a presentation from a remote location).

## System Model Description:

### Hardware:

#### Omnidirectional camera:

An omnidirectional camera is a camera with a 360-degree field of view in the horizontal plane, or with a visual field that covers (approximately) the entire sphere. Omnidirectional cameras are important in areas where large visual field coverage is needed, such as in panoramic photography and robotics. A camera normally has a field of view that ranges from a few degrees to, at most, 180°. This means that it captures, at most, light falling onto the camera focal point through a hemisphere. In contrast, an ideal omnidirectional camera captures light from all directions falling onto the focal point, covering a full sphere. The omnidirectional camera used in this project is Insta360 Air. It's capable of capturing still images and video, and has a live-streaming function. In the project it is being used as a 360-degree webcam to capture the audience and their surroundings which are in front of the screen.

### Projector:

A projector or image projector is an optical device that projects an image (or moving images) onto a surface, commonly a projection screen. The most common type of projector used today is called a video projector. The newest types of projectors are hand held projectors that use lasers or LEDs to project

images. Their projections are hard to see if there is too much ambient light.

This project uses an Egate i9 LED projector. The projector forms the image of the person that is being virtually teleported on a screen. The image is then reflected by an acrylic sheet at a certain angle, which then appears as an hologram to the audience.

### Software:

#### WebRTC:

WebRTC is a collection of communications protocols and application programming interfaces that enable real-time communication over peer-to-peer connections. This allows web browsers to not only request resources from backend servers, but also realtime information from browsers of other users. The Web Real-Time communication (WebRTC) framework provides the protocol building blocks to support direct, interactive, real-time communication using audio, video, collaboration, games, etc., between two peers' web-browsers. WebRTC leverages a set of plugin-free APIs that can be used in both desktop and mobile browsers, and is progressively becoming supported by all major modern browser vendors. Previously, external plugins were required in order to achieve similar functionality as is offered by WebRTC(1). WebRTC can be used for multiple tasks, but real-time peer-to-peer audio and video (i.e., multimedia) communications is the primary benefit. In order to communicate with another person (i.e., peer) via a web browser, each person's web browser must agree to begin communication, know how to locate one another, bypass security and firewall protections, and transmit all multimedia communications in real-time.

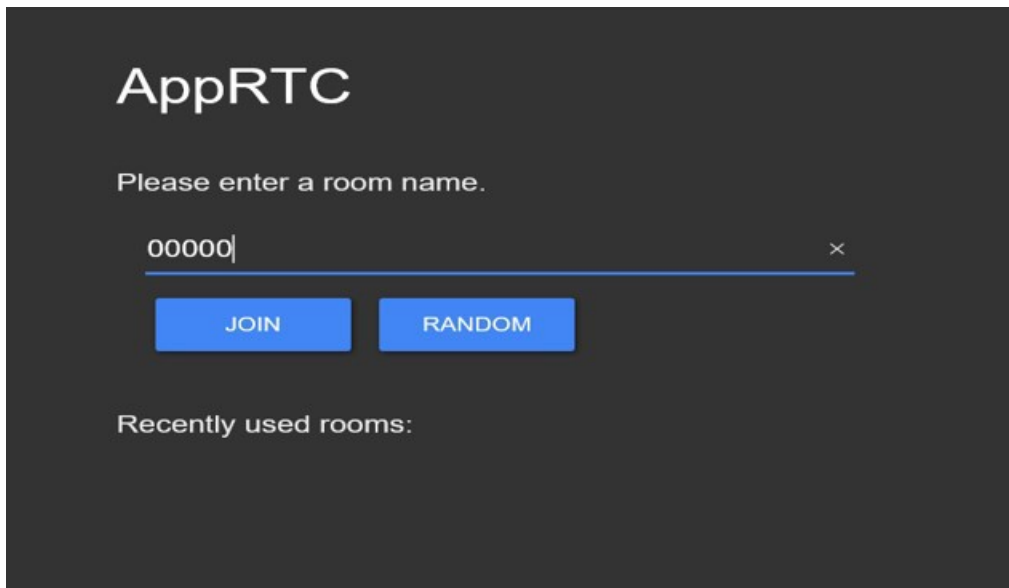


Figure : WebRTC

## Team Viewer:

Team Viewer is a proprietary computer software package for remote control, desktop sharing, online meetings, web conferencing and file transfer between computers. In this project team viewer is used to establish remote desktop control. Remote desktop software captures the mouse and keyboard inputs from the local computer (client) and sends them to the remote computer (server). The remote computer in turn sends the display commands to the local computer. When applications with lots of graphics including video or 3D models

need to be controlled remotely, a remote workstation software that sends the pixels rather than the display commands must be used to provide a smooth, like-local experience(2). Remote desktop sharing is accomplished through a common client/server model. The client, or Virtual Network Computing (VNC) viewer, is installed on a local computer and then connects via a network to a server component, which is installed on the remote computer. In a typical VNC session, all keystrokes and mouse clicks are registered as if the client were actually performing tasks on the end-user machine.

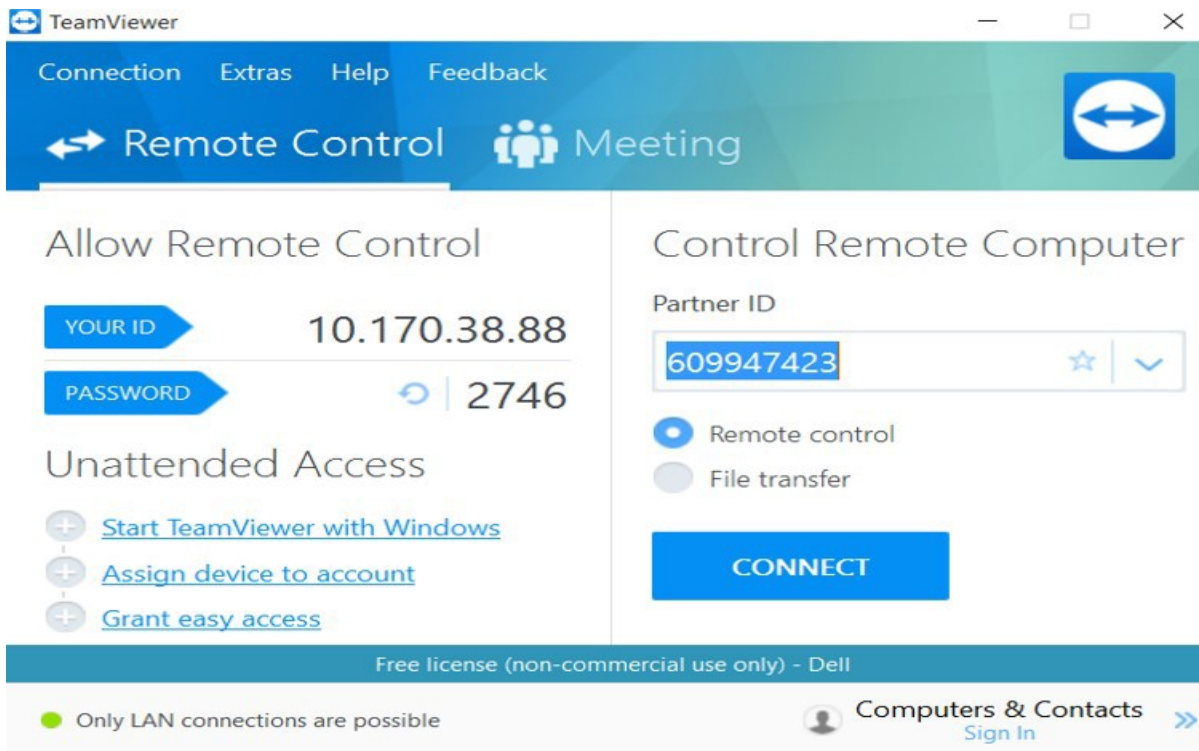


Figure : Team Viewer

## Methodology:

### Proposal:

This project consists of two separate rooms - The audience room and the speaker's room. For our project we have used two laptops in each room. One pair of laptop is used to generate the hologram and the other pair is used for remote desktop application. The 360° camera and projector is connected to a laptop in the audience's room. First peer to peer connection is established between both the

rooms. This is done by acquiring "Interactive Connectivity Establishment (ICE)" from the turn server in a pair of laptops. Then in the speaker's room, the video and audio are captured live from a webcam and encoded. The audio and video are then encrypted before being sent to the other room. In the audience room the audio and video feed are received and decrypted. They are then decoded and displayed as a hologram. From the audience room video and audio feed from the 360° camera is captured live and processed in the same way.

### Block Diagram:

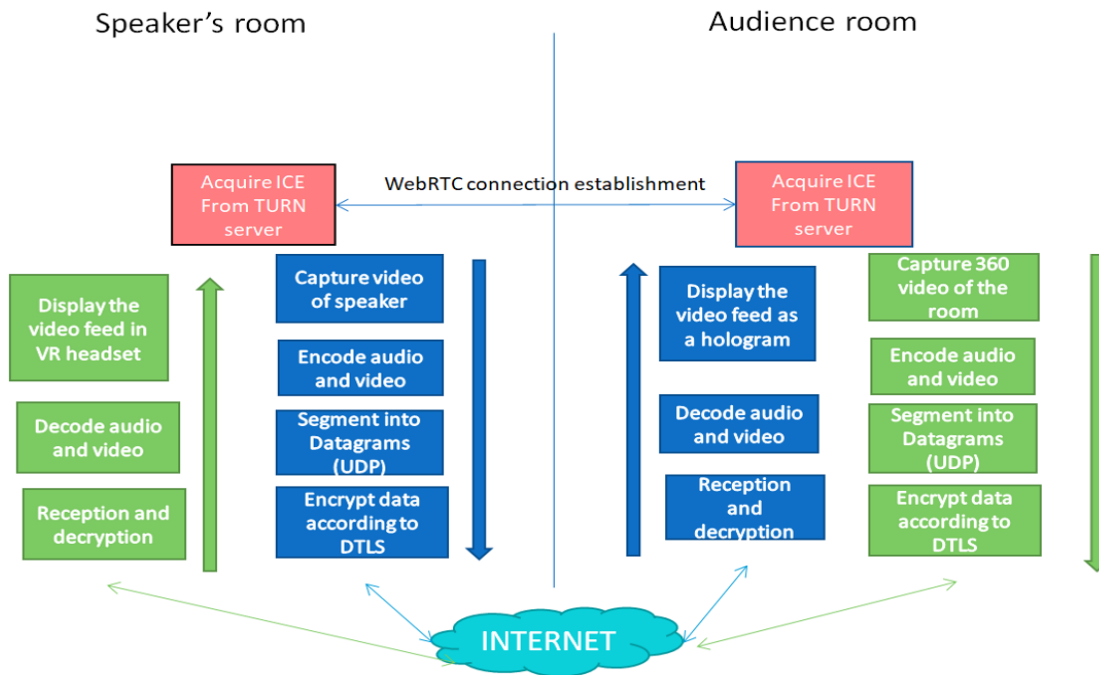


Figure : Flow Chart

## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION:

1. Achieving a Hologram via the pepper ghost effect was accomplished through an acrylic transparent sheet.
2. Regulation and further controlling a remote desktop was achieved over LAN through Team Viewer application.
3. A suitable cost effective way for implementation connection between the two working rooms so that both video and audio gets exchanged, allowing telepresence using WebRTC was established. This when compared to hololens or holoporation seems cost efficient

[1] [[www.ietf.org/id/draft-ietf-rtcweb-rtp-usage-26.txt](http://www.ietf.org/id/draft-ietf-rtcweb-rtp-usage-26.txt)]

[2] [[en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Remote-desktop-software](http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Remote-desktop-software)]

## REFERENCES: