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Comparison On Pushover And Static Analysis Of Multi Storey Building Using BIM

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Abstract:

During seismic action, building will deform in inelastic zone, so its required evaluation which consider post-elastic behavior of structure. Performance based seismic design is a modern technique to earthquake resistance which can predict performance of structure using rigorous non-linear static analysis. Easy and most used method to evaluate performance of structure is non-linear static analysis widely known as pushover analysis. As name implies, it's a process of pushing structure horizontally, with a prescribed loading pattern incrementally, i.e. "pushing structure & plotting total applied shear force & associated lateral displacement at each increment, until structure reaches a limit state or collapse condition". This project aims to analysis the structural behavior of multi-storey building by comparing the result of static and pushover analysis using Building Information Modeling (BIM) implementation. BIM is a complex process of new intelligent approach and process of maintaining all relevant information to a building over all phase of the building life cycle. It is used to improvement of process, predict outcomes and create computational representation of all building with less environmental impact.

Keywords

Pushover Analysis, Static Analysis, Performance Based Study, BIM, Modelling, Scheduling.

1. Introduction

The role of non-linear equivalent static (pushover) analyses is being more and more recognized as a practical tool for the evaluation of the seismic response of structures. During earthquakes, many concrete structures have been severely damaged or collapsed, has indicated need for seismic adequacy of existing building. One can't avoid future earthquakes, but safe building construction practices can surely reduce extent of damage and loss.

Performance based seismic engineering is the modern approach to earthquake resistance design. The objective of performance-based analysis is to produce structures with predictable seismic performance. The overall capacity of a structure depends on the strength and deformation capacity of the individual components of the structure. In order to determine capacities beyond the elastic limits, some form of nonlinear analysis, such as the pushover procedure, is required.

Pushover analysis can be performed as forcecontrolled or displacement-controlled. In forcecontrolled pushover procedure, full load combination is applied as specified, i.e.

force-controlled procedure should be used when the load is known (such as gravity loading). Pushover analysis has been the preferred method for seismic performance evaluation of structures by the major rehabilitation guidelines and codes because it is conceptually and computationally simple. Pushover analysis allows tracing the sequence of yielding and failure on member and structural level as well as the progress of overall capacity curve of the structure.

The area of interest where non-linear analysis is applied are as follows:

- 1. To analyze and design seismic retrofit solutions for existing buildings.
- 2. To assess the performance of buildings for specific owner requirement.
 - 3. To analysis and design for new buildings.

Building Information Modeling (BIM) is a set of interacting policies, processes and technologies generating a "methodology to manage the essential building design and project data in digital format throughout the building's life-cycle". As a key part in the project life cycle, contractors play an important role in making sure the project will be delivered on time and within the budget. BIM uses of Scheduling and Cost Estimating in BIM respectively and provides a case study to show how BIM can work for Architect. Engineer and contractor. Building Information Modeling (BIM) is an emerging technology throughout the world in the Architecture,

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Engineering, and Construction (AEC) industries. BIM technology provides users with accurate and consistent building/project data and information, accommodating the functions needed to model the building and provides a virtual view of it.

Autodesk Revit is a building information modeling software for architects, structural engineers, MEP engineers, designers and contractors. It allows user to design a building and structure and its components in 3D, annotate the model with 2D drafting elements, and access building information from the building model's database. Revit was intended to allow architects and other building professionals to design and document a building by creating a parametric three dimensional model that included both the geometry and non - geometric design and construction information, what later becomes known as Building Information Modeling or BIM.

2. Literature Reviews

The various literature review have been referred from journal, preceding books understand the present status of project undertaken, from this literature data is summarized for work. These are explained in following ways.

2.1 Komal Joshi, Asst. Prof. Urvesh Barot, Asst. Prof. Keyur Shah - In recent years, an extensive examination going on performance of structure during a seismic event. During seismic action, building will deform in in-elastic zone, so its required evaluation which consider post-elastic behavior of structure. Performance based seismic design is a modern technique to earthquake resistance which can predict performance of structure using rigorous non-linear static analysis. Easy and most used method to evaluate performance of structure is non-linear static analysis widely known as pushover analysis. As name implies, it's a process of pushing structure horizontally, with a prescribed loading pattern incrementally, i.e., "pushing" structure & plotting total applied shear force & associated lateral displacement at each increment, until structure reaches a limit state or collapse condition. It provides better understanding of seismic performance of building & also give identification of progression of damage and subsequently failure of building's structural element .By pushover analysis, One can get behavior of building in non-linear zone, which is not covered in conventional elastic design.

2.2 Dakshes J. Pambhar - Performance Based Seismic Engineering is the modern approach to earthquake resistant design. It is limit-states design extended to cover complex range of issues faced by earthquake engineers. Two typical new R.C.C.

buildings were taken for analysis: G+4 and G+10 to cover the broader spectrum of low rise & high rise building construction. Different modeling issues were incorporated through nine model for G+4 building and G+10 building were; bare frame (without infill), having infill as membrane, replacing infill as a equivalent strut in previous model. All three conditions for 2×2 , 3×3 , 4×4 bays. Comparative study made for bare frame (without infill), having infill as membrane, replacing infill as a equivalent strut.

2.3 S.C.Pednekar1, H.S.Chore2, S.B.Patil3 -Seismic Assessment Using Pushover Analysis-Earthquakes have created serious damages to structures. The structure which are already built are vulnerable to future earthquake. This serious damage to structures can cause deaths, injuries with economic loss. There is an urgent need for seismic assessment of structure. Performance based seismic engineering is a simple and modern approach to earthquake resistance design to achieve desirable and predictable performance of structures. The concept of performance based seismic engineering is becoming future direction for seismic design codes. The present study gives an overview of past work done in this recently growing concept of performance based seismic assessment using nonliner static pushover analysis.

2.4 Shrikant Bhuskade - The case study shows that BIM does enhance the traditional scheduling and cost estimating methods with a more reliable and automated technology. Based on the reviews on BIM and the case study, the work finds out that there are three areas of potential development in the future: i) higher levels of detail (LOD) in BIM model will be available as BIM technology develops, ii) linking time and cost parameters concurrently to BIM components in the building model to deliver a scheduled financial analysis, and iii) allocation of resources on 4D BIM model to analyses and plan the resource usage based on the most updated design, and even simulate the resource allocation.

2.5 Guido Magenes - A method for the nonlinear static analysis of masonry buildings is presented, suitable for seismic assessment procedures based on pushover analyses. The method is based on an equivalent frame idealization of the structure, and on simplified constitutive laws for the structural elements. Applications on up to five storey structures are discussed, pointing out some issues regarding modeling hypotheses and calculated response. A possible use of the method in seismic assessment is presented. The procedure makes use of displacement response spectra and of the substitute structure approach which has been proposed by other authors

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for reinforced concrete structures. A simple example of the assessment procedure on a two-storey masonry structure is presented. Open questions and future developments are pointed out.

3. Proposed Methodology

Research is currently underway. Analysis will be done by using 2 & 3 Dimensional tools & technics model for different span arrangements. Pushover Analysis will applied and different loads such as Dead Load, Live Load, Wind load, Earthquake Load will be applied on STAAD or ETABS model at appropriate location as per codes used for Loading. Based on all calculations, Designs and results. We will creates a model (In Revit-Autodesk) and showing the actual visuals of site practices. That model can shows Clash Detection for each component of the building, Quantity takeoff, Construction schedules, Construction sequencing and Detailing of the model (Overall Project).

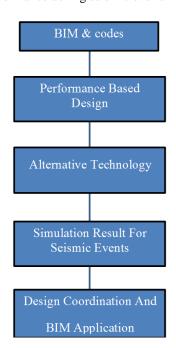
The area of interest where Pushover analysis with Building Information Modeling is applied are as follows:

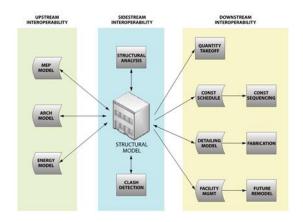
Compliance to designs and building codes in BIM environment minimizes seismic effect damages.

Retrofitting of Earthquake Affected Infrastructure.

Fiber & Steel Columns and Base Isolation Methods for Sustaining Seismic Vibration.

Alternative technics for lateral system such as Eccentric base frame. BIM replace with higher performing system such as Buckling resistant base frame, which can more predictable & resilient performance during seismic event.





4. Refrances

Komal Joshi, Asst. Prof. Urvesh Barot, Asst. Prof. Keyur Shah "Non-LineaStatic Analysis (Pushover Analysis)"

Dakshes J. Pambhar "Performance Based Pushover Analysis of R.C.C Frames" - E-ISSN2249-8974

Shrikant Bhuskade "Building Information Modeling (BIM)"- E-ISSN: 2395-0056

S.C.Pednekar1, H.S.Chore2, S.B.Patil3 "Seismic Assessment Using Pushover Analysis"

Guido Magenes "A Method For Pushover Analysis In Seismic Assessment Of Masonry Buildings"