

Raising the status of women in the State - a manifestation of concern for the future of the nation (based on the Development Strategy of Uzbekistan For 2017-2021)

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Annotation: In the conditions of the globalizing world, special attention in the article is paid to revealing the significance of the priority direction of development of the social sphere, put forward by the Strategy of Actions of Uzbekistan in 2017-2021, the essence of the policy and activities of the state to support women and raise their status in society is revealed.

"Taking care of the woman, who is the backbone of the family and society, who fills our lives with joy and

beauty, and giving her due respect have always been an integral part of the mentality of our people.

Shavkat Mirziyoyev

The measure of civilization of society is its attitude towards a woman. This is the main value that our state has been protecting from the first days of independent development.

Mainly relevant for us, at this stage of the document of the country "Strategy of actions for further development of the Republic of Uzbekistan in 2017-2021" is one of the priority directions of development of the social sphere, it is noted the importance of increasing the social and political activity of women. This is quite objective and necessary.



It is well-known that in order to ensure social and political activity of an individual, it is necessary to create specific conditions from the theory of society development. In this regard, we note that from the very first days of independence, Uzbekistan has paid special attention to women, their status, education, comprehensive development and upbringing in its social policy. In the light of international legal instruments, Uzbekistan provides constitutional rights and freedoms to women with regard to the acquisition of citizenship, personal rights and freedoms, and political, economic and social rights (articles 18, 21, 24, 29, 32, 36 and 39 of the Constitution). Of great importance is the Presidential Decision of 20 April 2017 on measures for the further development of the higher education system and the Strategy for Action on the five priority areas for the development of the Republic of Uzbekistan in 2017-2021, as well as the legal instruments emanating from it. Women's benefits have been radically supplemented by the adoption in

February 2018 of the Presidential Decree "On measures to radically improve the effectiveness of State policy in support of women". Issues related to the realization of women's rights and interests in the country - economic, legal, social and political - have now been raised to a new level. In accordance with the adopted Strategy of Action, women are actively promoted at all levels of government, in all spheres of the country. Thus, 1,400 women are employed in the State and public administration system, 17 senators, 16 deputies of the Legislative Chamber of the Oliy Majlis and 1,075 deputies of local councils of peoples' deputies. More than 500 women are academicians and doctors of science, and 1,000 women are candidates of science, and women are active in entrepreneurship and the development of small and medium-sized businesses. They have ample opportunity to participate in the work of various civil society institutions and, above all, in the work of the women's committees of the country, which are becoming a school for

their upbringing as active subjects of politics.

The legal status of women's committees should be noted. The chairman of the Women's Committee is also Deputy Prime Minister and has been Deputy Khakims for Women's Affairs since 2004. In addition, the Women's Committee of Uzbekistan has branches in all regions and covers more than 46,000 primary organizations. The Women's Committee has its own charter approved by the Ministry of Justice.

Since 2018, posts of specialist in working with women and strengthening the family in the makhallas - citizens' self-governance bodies - have been introduced. The main priorities of the Women's Committees of Uzbekistan at all levels are: to develop proposals to the State authorities on various issues concerning women, children and the family; to implement specific measures to increase women's social and political activity, ensure their employment, attract

them to women's and family businesses and legal literacy, in particular on the prevention of crime, prevent them from falling under the influence of any extremist or religious fundamentalist trends, and involve them in healthy lifestyles. In addition to the helplines, which operate free of charge, the Oila Centre for Applied Science and Research has been set up under the Cabinet of Ministers 24 hours a day to carry out scientific research aimed at implementing State policy on strengthening and developing the institution of the family. In parallel, family universities have been set up in civil registry offices to offer courses on preparation for family life and reproductive health education.

An important aspect of the work of the Women's Committee is the fact that it includes associations working with women such as the Association of Creative Professions of Women, the Association of Women Scientists and the Association of Women Lawyers. The



Women's Committee, with a view to promoting talented and gifted women specialists in their field, holds "Woman of the Year", "Nafosat", "Girls' Forum" and other competitions at all levels.

The State's policy embodied in the work of the Women's Committee on Moral and Material Support for Women is invaluable. For example, in order to enhance the role and status of women, the Zulfiya State Prize was established for the achievements of girls aged 14 to 30 in the fields of education, science, literature, culture, art, sports and social activities, and since 2018 the Mutabar ayol breastplate was established for its special contribution to the upbringing of young people and support for motherhood and childhood.

That is, a woman has a decent base for her development. But let's think about why they pay so much attention to the further development and improvement of the woman's personality and status at the same time. First of all because she is the

creator of our present and future nation. The process of upbringing in the family is important today. It is the family that is called upon from childhood to bring up high moral values: love and respect for the Motherland, parents, family values and respect for the mother. As the teacher Sukhomlinsky said: "Even the hottest rays of the sun will not replace the warmth of maternal love. "Together with the mother's milk, the child receives information about the world" said Abu Ali Ibn Sina.

The education of young people is primarily in the hands of women and families. Young people represent the majority of our society - over 60 per cent. Our civilized secular development will depend on how educated and ethical they will be, how much they will understand the reforms taking place in the country, how much they will care about our country's role in the world, and how active they will be in preventing threats of various kinds.



Only an intellectually rich person can take an active life position, as Cicero said: "For a man of science and education, to live means to think", I would say, and to act. Since in today's globalizing world peace and security depend on many factors and above all on the participation of civilized forces in the restructuring of the world, it is necessary to involve individuals, especially women as mothers of educators, as well as states, regions, leaders of states and international

organizations in the creation of a safe existence of mankind without conflicts. The role of women in Uzbekistan in ensuring inter-ethnic and interreligious harmony, peace and stability both within and outside the State is also becoming increasingly important.

Thus, by raising the status of women, society and the State are addressing the issue of providing conditions for those who create life in all its manifestations.