

# Construction of Digital Water Level Indicator and Automatic Pump Controlling System

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## Abstract:

*In modern technology is largely depends on automation and control system. Automation and control system refers the use of various control systems for operating equipment such as machinery, processes in factories, boilers and heat treating ovens, switching on telephone networks, steering and stabilization of ships, aircraft, automobile and other applications with minimal or reduced human intervention. The greatest advantage of automation and control system is that it saves labor. A water level indicator system is a device that indicates the level of water in a tank or reservoir. It is widely used in industrial applications such as boilers in nuclear power plants and residential applications. The project is to design water level indicator with automatic water pump controlling system. water level sensor has been made for apprehended water level properly. Microcontroller is plighted to restrain the overall system accurately that reduces the control complexity. It takes input through the sensor unit that senses the water level. After taking input, output intends the pump's action (on/off) with respect to current water status of the tank. A display unit indicates the status of pump and water level. The device also monitor the state of level of water whether it is stable, increasing or decreasing with what velocity. It also stores the total time of pump being kept ON. It also keep monitoring whether the pumping is working well or not. While Keeping the motor ON it detects whether the motor pump is working well or not every minutes. If the level is increasing or decreasing in each minutes then the indicator shows the motor pump is working well else after three minutes if the level remains stable then it shows there is a problem in motor. Thus it also monitor the working performance of the pump.*

## Keywords

*Automation; Control; Pump; Sensor;*

## 1. Introduction

An Water Level Indicator is a device by which the users can get the information of any water reservoir. Water level indicator system are quite useful to reduce the wastage of water from any reservoir, while filling such reservoir[2]. Availability of water resource in many region of the world is decreasing and becomes a dominant issue now a days. This problem is arising because of poor water allocation, inefficient use, and lack of adequate and integrated water management. Water is in general used for agriculture, industry, and domestic fields of consumption[4]. That is why it is becoming an important matter of concern for efficient use and water monitoring and water management system for home or office. Recently there are many systems have been developed to ensure the proper utilization of this resource with minimum wastage. Proper monitoring of water level and its management can be a task for government and residence perspective[3]. Scarcity of water is becoming a serious issue in major cities. It is becoming a common problem to almost every house owner, while his tank is getting empty he has to switch on the motor and when the tank is full switch off the motor. As life is getting more busy it is most often found that the tank overflows without notice. So it is needed to keep on observing water level of the tank to switch off the motor once it is switched on[5]. There are chance to burn the motor coils when there is absence of water in the tank. Hence these are the everyday problem that force to motivate to come up with an affordable, automatic water level indicator and water pump control system which does not need any attention once it is installed. Implementation of water controlling system makes vital significance in residential applications[7]. The self-acting level controller will switch on the pump while the level of water reaches below the defined level and will switch off the pump when the sump of water level is at above defined level[6].

## 2. Inspection System

The liquid level (as in, e.g., water level) is the height associated with the liquid free surface, especially when it is the top-most surface. It may be measured with a level sensor. There are mainly two types of water level inspection system. They are

- i. Direct visual inspection system.
- ii. Micro-controlling inspection system.

### A. Direct Visual Inspection System

Liquid level gauges are designed for relatively straightforward level regulation and usually provide direct indications through visual, magnetic, or transduction properties. They typically consist of a measuring chamber connected to the vessel being monitored, with gage levels matching the changing levels in the vessel[1]. There are a variety of different liquid level gage designs and each one features distinct operational characteristics and performance requirements. A floating device equipped with a permanent magnet is suspended upon the fluid in the chamber and it moves an indicator or a transducer through magnetic coupling to produce a level reading. The design differences between these types of liquid level gages determines their effectiveness in various applications, as well as the operating parameters for individual gage units[1].

### B. Micro-controlling Inspection System

There are numerous types of level detection devices that incorporate transducers, transmitters, sensors, or indicator instrumentation to monitor and regulate industrial systems. Most level gages rely on the principles of pressure differentials, conductivity, or capacitance and their operations can involve a range of different techniques, such as optical, electromagnetic, microwave, and ultrasonic detection methods[1]. An automatic water level indicator detects the water level in the tank. This automatic water level indicator is made up of microcontroller where programming is burnt into an IC called AT mega 8 with 32 pins. The level measurement consist of determining the distance from the bottom surface of the liquid in a reservoir or vessel up to the surface of the liquid. The detection is done by using deferent types of sensor.

## 3. Methodology

At the first stage of design a water level sensor is been made for sensing water level accurately. Microcontroller is used to control the overall system automatically that reduces the design and control complexity. Microcontroller takes input from the sensor

unit which senses the water level. After processing input variables, resultant output decides the water pump's action (on/off) with respect to current water status of the tank. The whole design flow chart is shown in following (figure 1). When the water is slowly provided into the tank by keeping the pump on, the level of water increases in the tank which is continuously detected by an ultrasonic sensor and displayed into a LCD display. When the level reached ultimate limit then microcontroller switched off the pump. After that while discharging the water at certain minimum level microcontroller switched on the pump. It also stored the time of motor of pump being kept on.

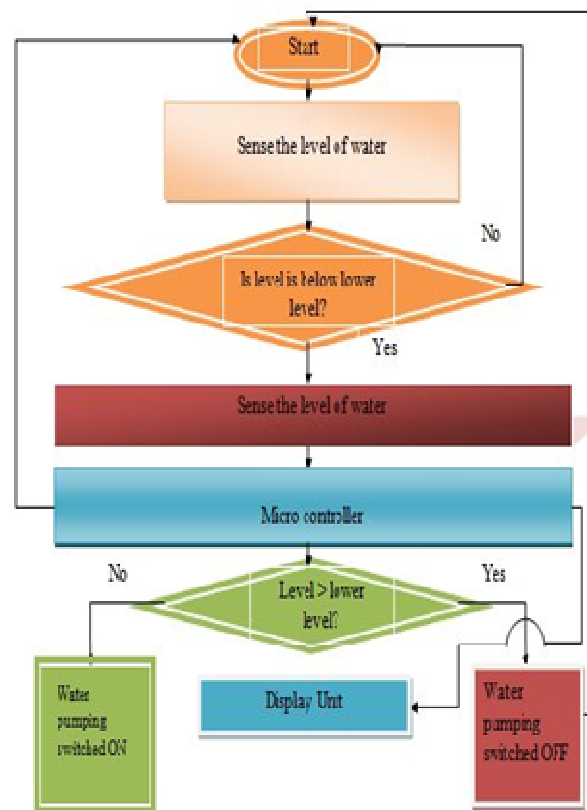
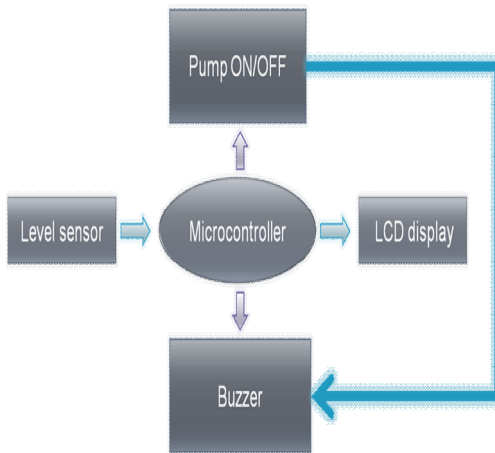


Figure 1. Flow chart for the project



**Figure 2. Block diagram of the project**

### 4.Components

The components of the system are as follows:

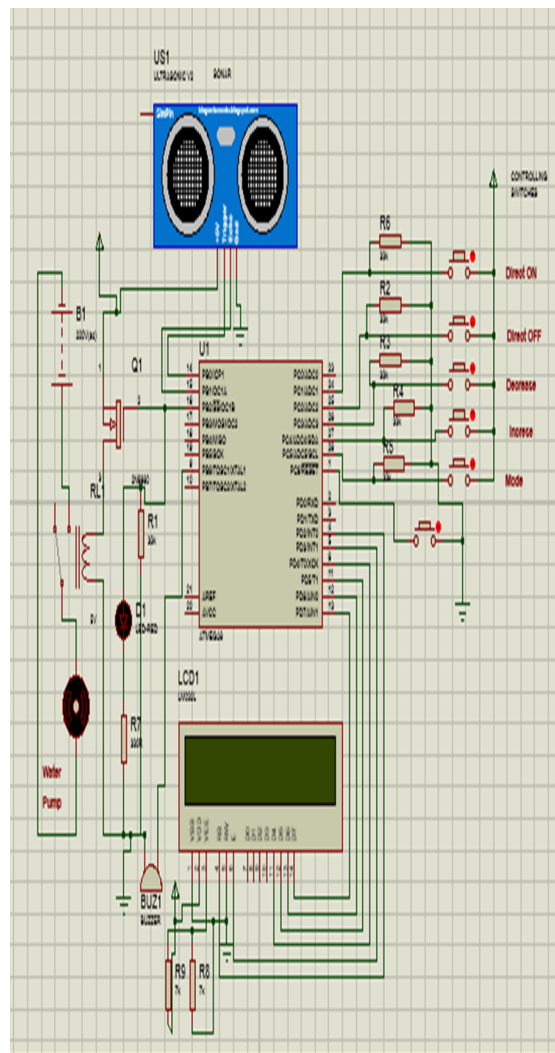
- ✚ At mega 8 Microcontroller
- ✚ Ultrasonic Sonar Sensor
- ✚ Relay
- ✚ 16×2 LCD Display
- ✚ Resistor
- ✚ Variable Resistor
- ✚ Light Emitting Diode(LED)
- ✚ Buzzer
- ✚ 3-Terminal 1A Positive Voltage Regulator
- ✚ Push switch

### 5.Circuit Diagram

In figure 3 the circuit is connected to a power supply of 6 volt DC. Pin PD2, PD3, PD4, PD5, PD6 and PD7 of microcontroller AT mega 8 is connected with LCD via 7KΩ resistor. Pin PC1 is connected with direct ON switch, PC2 is connected with direct OFF switch. Switch with function up, down and mode is connected with PC3, PC4 and PC5 respectively. All the switches are connected with 33KΩ resistor each. Sonar trig pin is connected with PB0 and sonar echo pin is connected with PB1 pin. Pin PB2 is connected with relay via relay driver (MOSFET). To control over the voltage of relay driver a diode is used. Relay is connected with a motor of 220V.

### 6.Hardware Development and Construction

At first the suitable programs are developed and then the programs are simulated by using Proteus software to check whether the programs are valid or not. Validation and correction of the simulation is really necessary. Then the programs are loaded into the ATmega8 microcontroller by using AVR software. Then the circuit board is made along with the microcontroller. The circuit is checked by using LED lights whether it works perfectly or not. After accomplishing the hardware it is associated with the water level sensor. As it is a demo project and replicate the alternator by giving power to the system from a direct source. Now water level sensor is connected from the circuit board. Then the system is given operating condition and signal when the water level is in different position



**Figure 3. Circuit diagram of the project**

### 7. Performance Test and Discussion

After design And construction the system was tested whether all the connection and whole circuit was working properly or not. The system was assembled with breadboard. To ensure the proper functioning of the components Digital millimeters (DMM) was used. A connection of 6 volt is given. The lower level of water at which pumping is to start is set 150 cm and the upper level is set at 190 cm to stop the pump as shown in figure 5 & 6. Initially the level of water was 159 cm which was between 150 cm to 190cm. Which was indicated in display and the condition was also indicated as 'stable' as shown in following figure 7. When The water level reached the value below 150 cm, motor of the pump started rotating indicated by the blipping of LED light (figure 8) and the rate at which the level of water increasing was indicated by the indicator in scale of cm/minute (figure 9). The condition of motor pump was also indicated (figure 10). While reaching the upper level i.e. 190 cm the pump got stopped indicated by shutting the blipping of LED light (figure 11) and the total operating time of water pump was indicated on display (figure 12).



Figure 6. Setting upper level of water

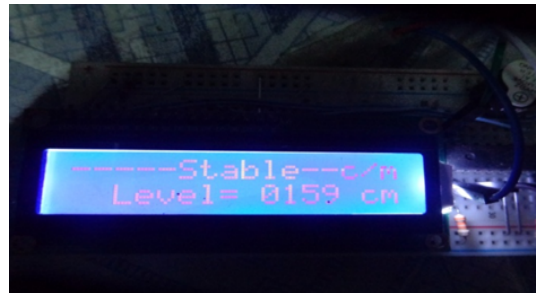


Figure 7. Indication of water level at 159 cm

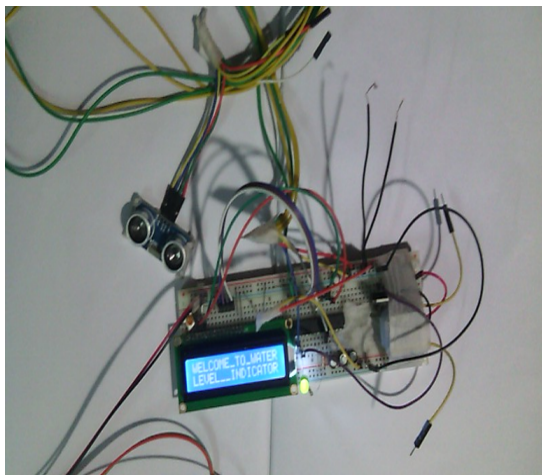


Figure 4. system testing of the project



Figure 8. starting of pump with Indication of water level condition

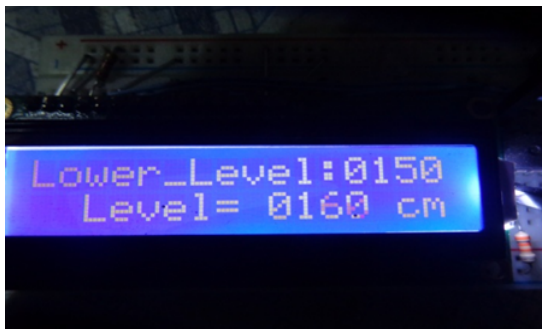


Figure 5. Setting lower level of water



Figure 9. starting of pump with Indication of water level

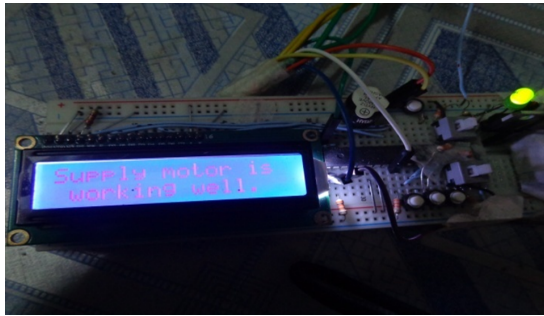


Figure 10. starting of pump with Indication of water level and motor pump condition

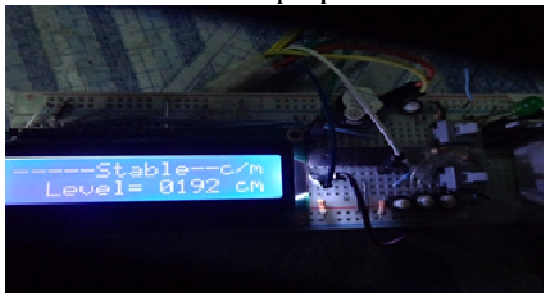


Figure 11. Stopping of pump with Indication of water



Figure 12. Stopping of pump with Indication of total

## 8. Conclusion

Thus by using this simple arrangement we can save wastage of water and electricity. It is very important for us to control the use of natural resource of energy. By using this circuit we can solve our purpose very easily. Hence we are controlling electric water pump level, controlling through some logics which are described above effectively. All the inherent parts of the circuit performed consistently. It helped us to come out with good judgment. With the features what it inherits, it seems to be advantageous to the present era. The automatic water level controller has been successfully designed and developed. The sump pump is turned off and on according to the water levels. Compare to other conventional methods, the automatic water level controller shows excellent performance with its reliable digital technology and it is cheaper and durable. The automatic water level controller is a promising controller in terms of system response in

water level control with respect to the non linearity introduced by pumps, valves and sensors. Thus the automatic water level controller is a big boon as concerned with the house hold applications as well as other water saving purposes including agricultural sector and industries. Based on the survey result, it is found that the automatic water level controller has a rising demand and it is a good asset from the electronics perspective.

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