

# Smart Toll Collection using RASPBERRY PI 2

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**Abstract:** - The automated toll collection system using passive Radio Frequency Identification (RASPBERRY PI 2) tag emerges as a convincing solution to the manual toll collection method employed at tollgates. Time and efficiency are a matter of priority of present day. In order to overcome the major issues of vehicle congestion and time consumption RASPBERRY PI 2 technology is used. RASPBERRY PI 2 reader fixed at tollgate frame reads the tag attached to windshield of vehicle. The object detection sensor in the reader detects the approach of the incoming vehicle's tag and toll deduction takes place through a prepaid card assigned to the concerned RASPBERRY PI 2 tag that belongs to the owners' account. This makes tollgate transaction more convenient for the public use.

Keywords— Smart Toll Collection, (RASPBERRY PI 2)

## 1. INTRODUCTION

In our day to day life, we pay certain amount of tax through toll plaza to the government. The toll gates are mostly found on national highways and bridges etc., and we pay standing over a queue in the form of cash, although, the mobility of vehicles gets interrupted by this method which takes longer travel time, more consumption of fuel and also pollution level get increased in that region, instead of that the method commonly used by industries and in advanced countries

is the Electronic Toll Collection System. Electronic toll collection system is the technology that enables the automatic electronic toll collection from the prepaid account registered on the name of vehicle owner, determining whether the vehicle is registered or not and informs the toll authorities avoiding toll violations. Over last decades, electronic toll collection system have been Implemented in United States and many other countries with a new improvement in

it. By this we don't have to carry a handsome amount of cash with us relates to security as well. This system does not require any manual operation of toll barriers and collection of toll amounts, it is completely automated toll collection system. The vehicle owners are registered with their vehicles proper information and their account is created, where they can recharge their account with required amount. When the vehicle passes through the toll gate, the information is shared between RASPBERRY PI 2 tag and RASPBERRY PI 2 reader and the amount is deducted from the owners account. This method reduces the traffic congestion problems, also reduces the travel time and reduces the fuel consumption.

## 2. IMPLEMENTATION

### Software

The Raspbian OS is used in the Raspberry Pi board. It is a free operating system that is based on Debian which is particularly optimized for the Raspberry Pi hardware. It comes with over 35,000 packages and pre-compiled software bundled in a simple format for easy installation in the Raspberry Pi. The coding for all the sensors and the robot movement are done using the Python

coding. Python is preferred since it is a simple and a minimalistic language. It is also free and open source software. This can be used in many platforms such as Linux, VxWorks, and PocketPC etc. Also, it supports procedure-oriented programming as well as OOPS. The web browser is created by using HTML. The static IP address should be configured in the Raspberry Pi for the Wi-Fi dongle. This assigned static IP address is for connecting with the Wi-Fi of the mobile phone for the live video transmission. Since a normal USB camera is used it must be initially installed in the Raspberry Pi 2 board using the Linux commands.

### Raspberry pi

The Raspberry Pi hardware has evolved through several versions that feature variations in memory capacity and peripheral-device support. Raspberry Pi block function v01.svg This block diagram depicts Models A, B, A+, and B+. Model A, A+ and the Pi Zero lack the Ethernet and USB hub components. The Ethernet adapter is internally connected to an additional USB port. In Model A, A+, and the Pi Zero, the USB port is connected directly to the system on a chip (SoC). On the Pi 1 Model B+ and

later models the USB/Ethernet chip contains a five-point USB hub, of which four ports are available, while the Pi 1 Model B only provides two. On the Pi Zero, the USB port is also connected directly to the SoC, but it uses a micro USB (OTG) port. The Broadcom BCM2835 SoC used in the first generation Raspberry Pi is somewhat equivalent to the chip used in first generation smartphones (its CPU is an older ARMv6 architecture), which includes a 700 MHz ARM1176JZF-S processor, Video Core IV graphics processing unit (GPU), and RAM. It has a level 1 (L1) cache of 16 KB and a level 2 (L2) caches of 128 KB. The level 2 cache is used primarily by the GPU. The SoC is stacked underneath the glued to RAM chip, so only its edge is visible. The Raspberry Pi 2 uses a Broadcom BCM2836 SoC with a 900 MHz 32-bit quad-core ARM Cortex-A7 processor (as do many current smartphones), with 256 KB shared L2 cache. The Raspberry Pi 3 uses a Broadcom BCM2837 SoC with a 1.2 GHz 64-bit quad-core ARM Cortex-A53 processor, with 512 KB shared L2 cache.

**Power Supply**

It supplies various voltages as per requirement to each unit. This portion consist of transformer, rectifier, regulator and capacitors for filter. The rectifier is used as a bridge rectifier which converts 230V to desired 5V/12V DC.

**Stepper Motor**

It is for opening and closing of a barrier on the toll gate. It is done when the customer successfully performs the billing operation through RASPBERRY PI 2 with sufficient balance.

**Buzzer**

Buzzer will ring when there will be insufficient balance in customer account.

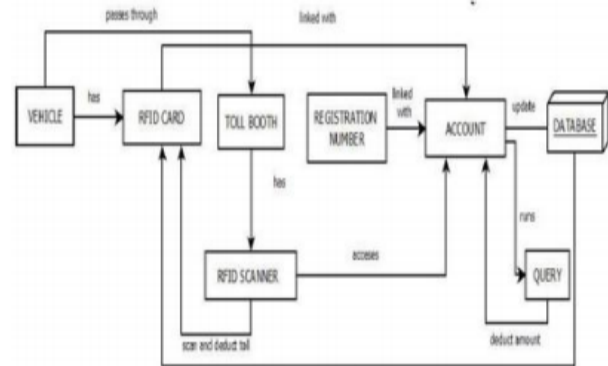


Fig:-1 Flow of the Project

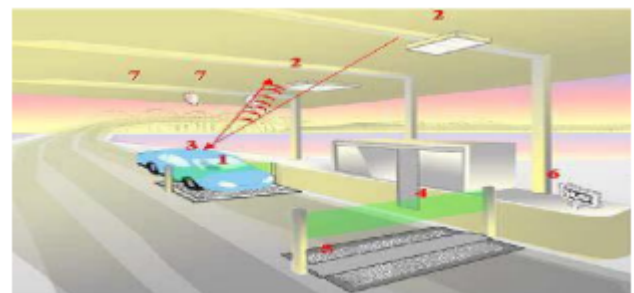




Fig:-2 Live Project

### 3. EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

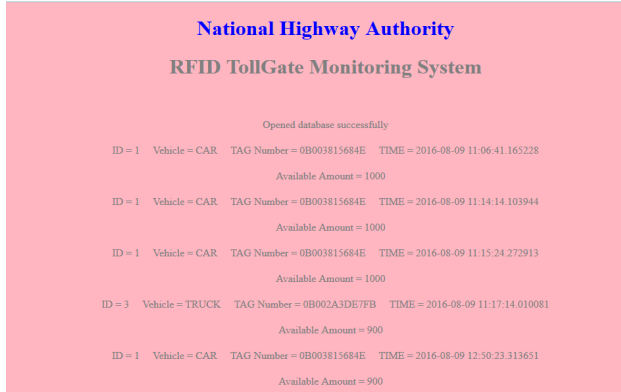


Fig:-3 Home Screen on Web Results

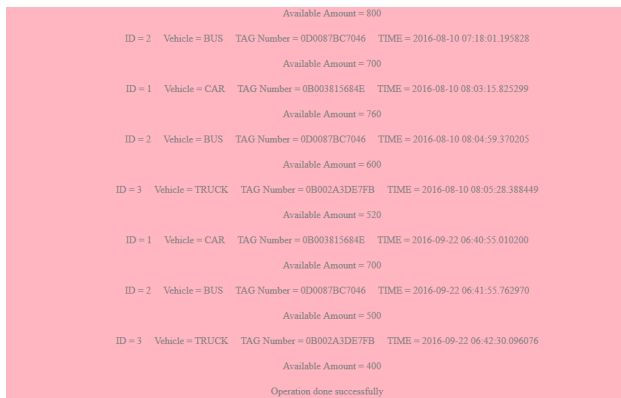


Fig:-4 Payment for Buses

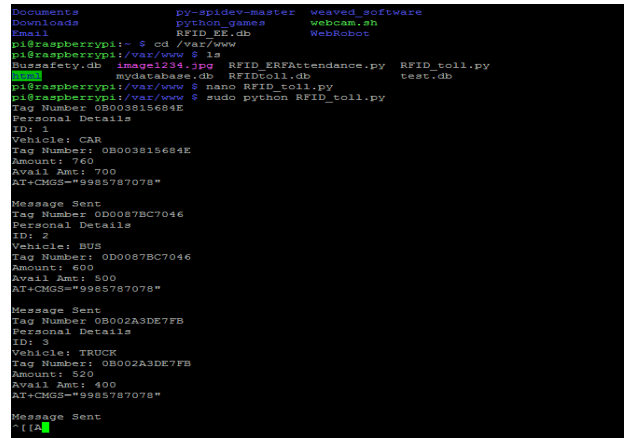


Fig:-5 Results

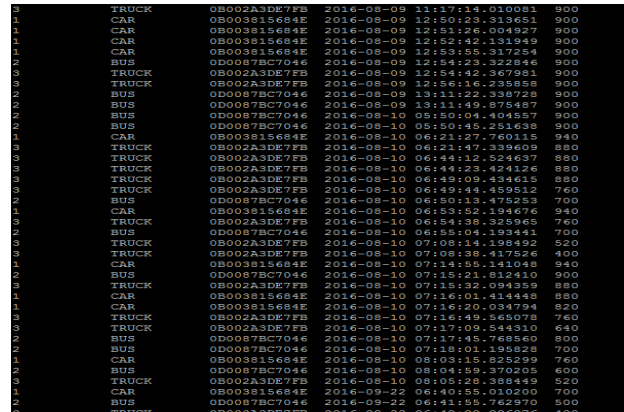


Fig:-6 Results

### 4. CONCLUSION

The Smart toll collection system in expressway based on RASPBERRY PI 2, a design scheme was put forward. It has characteristics of low cost, high security, far communication distance and high efficiency, etc. It improves technology level of charge and also improves passage ability of expressway. Smart toll collection system is an effective measure to reduce management

costs and fees, at the same time, greatly reduce noise and pollutant emission of toll station. In the Smart Toll Collection system, real time toll collection system has been designed. This reduces the manual labor and delays that often occur on roads. This system of collecting tolls is eco-friendly and also results in increased toll lane capacity. One of the most important impacts of technology is the development of sustainable technologies that reduce the traffic conjunction and that need of future generation, save energy and time. Our project mainly impact full in these aspects, by saving the time on the toll, and also for to save fuel and by regulating the pollution and usage of vehicle at toll gates; as shown it makes the toll collection payment easy by using automatic toll cash collection process.

## 5. REFERENCES

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